September 27, 2019

Governor Ned Lamont State of Connecticut State Capitol Hartford, CT 06106

Dear Governor Lamont:

In accordance with the reporting requirements of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 1-123, for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019, the Connecticut Student Loan Foundation (CSLF) is pleased to submit the following information:

Page 3	Bond Issues for the preceding fiscal year and cumulative Bonds Outstanding
Page 4	Projects during the preceding fiscal year
Page 5	Schedule of outside individuals and firms receiving in excess of \$5,000 in the form of loans,
	grants or payments for services for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019
Page 6	Complete set of financial statements
Page 7	Affirmative Action Policy Statement and Workforce composition
Page 8	Description of Planned Activities for the current fiscal year
Page 9	2019-20 Budget

Included with this submission are the audited financial statements for the Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority, of which the Connecticut Student Loan Foundation is a subsidiary, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Connecticut Student Loan Foundation FY 2019 Update on Activities

On July 1, 2014, CSLF was reconstituted as a quasi-public component unit of the Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority (CHEFA) and as a quasi-public agency for purposes of certain provisions of Connecticut law by operation of Connecticut Public Act 14-217. Such legislation also provides that the board of directors of CSLF shall be identical to the board of directors of the Connecticut Higher Education Supplemental Loan Authority (CHESLA), which is another CHEFA subsidiary.

CSLF was originally established as a Connecticut State chartered nonprofit corporation pursuant to State of Connecticut Statute Chapter 187a and governed by Title IV, Part B of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, for the purpose of improving educational opportunity. CSLF no longer originates or acquires student loans.

The CSLF Board is comprised of nine members, five statutorily designated and the remaining appointed by the CHEFA Board of Directors based on their qualifications, as specified in the enabling legislation. There was one open position on the CSLF Board as of June 30, 2019. Jeanette Weldon, Executive Director of CHEFA, also serves as Executive Director of both CSLF and CHESLA. CSLF has no employees.

Respectfully submitted,

Jeanette W. Weldon Executive Director

Connecticut Student Loan Foundation

Cc: Auditors of Public Accounts

Enclosure: CHEFA FY2019 Audited Financials

Connecticut Student Loan Foundation Bond Issuance and Cumulative Bonds Outstanding For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019

CSLF has not issued bonds since 2007. The principal amounts of the outstanding bonds as of June 30, 2019 total \$171,625,000, as shown below:

Bond Series	Bonds Issued	Bonds Outstanding
2004 A-1	\$75,000,000	\$-0-
2004 A-2	\$75,000,000	\$-0-
2004 A-3	\$75,000,000	\$-0-
2004 A-4	\$75,000,000	\$-0-
2004 A-5	\$75,000,000	\$-0-
2004 A-6	\$71,100,000	\$-0-
2004 A-7	\$60,000,000	\$-0-
2004 B	\$62,900,000	\$-0-
2006 A-1	\$80,000,000	\$72,925,000
2006 B	\$20,000,000	\$19,975,000
2006 A-2	\$100,000,000	\$78,725,000
2007 A-1	\$60,000,000	\$-0-
2007 B	\$20,000,000	\$-0-
2007 A-3	\$50,000,000	\$-0-
2007 B-2	\$36,900,000	\$-0-
Total	\$935,900,000	\$171,625,000

The State has no contingent liability in connection with the bonds outstanding.

Connecticut Student Loan Foundation Projects For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019

CSLF continues to support students' education. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, \$3.5 million was provided to CHESLA to support scholarship and loan programs, \$1.5 million and \$2.0 million, respectively.

Connecticut Student Loan Foundation Loans, Grants or Services in excess of \$5,000 General and Restricted Account Disbursements Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019

Paid from CSLF Operating Funds

Education Solution Partners, LLC

EdFinancial Services, LLC

Connecticut Health & Educational Facilities Authority

Connecticut Higher Education Supplemental Loan Authority

Goal Structured Solutions, Inc.

Hilltop Securities

Willis of Connecticut, LLC

Paid from CSLF Trust Funds

Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company

Deutsche Bank

National Enterprise Systems

EdFinancial Services, LLC

Samuel Ramirez & Co

Connecticut Student Loan Foundation Balance Sheet For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019

Please refer to the enclosed Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority audited financial statements for further detail.

Connecticut Student Loan Foundation Affirmative Action Policy and Agency Workforce Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2019

Connecticut Student Loan Foundation has no employees.

Connecticut Student Loan Foundation Planned Activities For the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2020

In order to fulfill the requirements of the Connecticut General Statutes regarding planned activities for FY 2020, the CSLF Board adopted a consolidated budget projecting \$8.6 million in Revenues and \$7.7 million in Operating Expenses resulting in a \$0.9 million Change in Net Position before any Grants. In addition, the Board budgeted for additional potential transfers to CHESLA to support financial assistance for students in the amount of \$0.5 million, resulting in a positive \$0.4 million Change in Net Position for the fiscal year.

Connecticut Student Loan Foundation Consolidated Budget

Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2020

Income	
TOTAL LOAN INTEREST INCOME	8,203,162
LATE FEE INCOME	165,610
NOT FOR PROFIT SERVICING INCOME	52,500
INTEREST INCOME -TRUST	178,966
INTERFUND TRANSFER	-
Total Income	8,600,238
Expenses	
CONSOLIDATION FEES	1,194,452
DEBT ADMINISTRATION COST	113,511
BOND DISCOUNT AMORTIZATION	94,295
INTEREST BOND	5,302,753
SERVICING FEE EXPENSE	680,618
ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT	106,000
LEGAL FEES	10,000
EXTERNAL AUDITOR	37,300
FINANCIAL ADVISOR	50,000
CHEFA ADMINISTRATION EXPENSE	72,895
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	16,100
BAD DEBT EXPENSE	-
PRIVATE LOAN COLLECTION EXPENSE	7,284
INSURANCE EXPENSE	28,187
Total Expenses	7,713,396
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY	886,843
Extraordinary Items	
CHESLA SCHOLARSHIPS	(500,000)
CHESLA CONTRIBUTION	-
INTERFUND TRANSFER	-
Net Extraordinary Items	(500,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	386,843

Financial Statements (With Supplementary Information) and Independent Auditor's Reports

June 30, 2019



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Financial Section



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component units of the Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component units of the Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 to 16 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2019, on our consideration of the Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hartford, Connecticut September 20, 2019

CohnReynickZZF





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

As management of Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority ("CHEFA"), we offer readers of CHEFA's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This Management's Discussion and Analysis presents a separate discussion for the primary government (CHEFA), which includes the blended component unit CHEFA Community Development Corporation ("CCDC"), and each of the discretely presented component units: Connecticut Higher Education Supplemental Loan Authority ("CHESLA") and Connecticut Student Loan Foundation ("CSLF"), each addressing the operations of the individual entity.

CHEFA is a conduit issuer of tax-exempt bonds issued on behalf of non-profit healthcare institutions, higher education institutions and independent schools, childcare facilities, long-term care facilities, cultural institutions and various other qualified non-profit institutions pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes Chapter 187, Sections 10a-176 through 10a-198. These tax-exempt bonds are financial obligations of the underlying obligor on whose behalf CHEFA issues the bonds. The issuance of tax-exempt bonds can provide funds for construction and renovation projects, the refinancing of eligible existing debt, funding of Debt Service Reserve Funds (if applicable), and funding of issuance costs.

CHESLA, a subsidiary of CHEFA, issues tax-exempt bonds in order to fund student loans for the higher education of students in or from the State of Connecticut. CHESLA's bonds are repaid from student loan repayments and are further supported by a Special Capital Reserve Fund, the replenishment of which is deemed appropriated by the State of Connecticut.

CSLF is a Connecticut State-chartered non-profit corporation established pursuant to State of Connecticut General Statutes Chapter 187a and governed by Title IV, Part B of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, for the purpose of improving educational opportunity. Generally, CSLF is empowered to achieve this purpose by originating and acquiring student loans and providing appropriate services incident to the administration of programs which are established to improve educational opportunities. CSLF no longer originates or acquires student loans or serves as administrator of the federal guarantee.

CCDC, a subsidiary of CHEFA, was created in February 2019 to operate as a Certified Community Development Entity ("CDE") within the meaning of Section 45D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and provides financial assistance by serving and/or providing investment capital to institutions for higher education, healthcare institutions, nursing homes, and qualified nonprofit organizations, as defined in C.G.S. § 10a-178 (e), (g), (h), and (n), ("Institutions") in low-income communities located in the State of Connecticut. CCDC's primary activity involves the distribution of awarded tax credits in accordance with the Federal Government's New Markets Tax Credit Program.

Financial Highlights

CHEFA's net position (which nets the CCDC loss of \$107) increased \$470 for the fiscal
year resulting from operating income of \$3,997 net of nonoperating expenses (including
grants and childcare expenses) of \$2,957 and the required payment to the state of \$900,
offset by investment income of \$330.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

- CHESLA's net position increased by \$3,230 for the fiscal year. The increase was due primarily to contributions from CSLF for the scholarship and student loan programs and the increase in investment income.
- CSLF's net position decreased by \$2,234 for the fiscal year, due primarily from the \$3,500 contribution made to CHESLA for its scholarship program (\$1,500) and funding for the inschool student loan program (\$2,000).
- CHESLA's loan activity during the fiscal year was the issuance of new loans, net of returns, totaling \$24,441 from the in-school loan program and \$3,323 from the Refi CT program. Payments received of \$20,336, net of adjustments, include \$19,643 from the in-school loans and the remainder from the Refi CT loans.
- CSLF received loan payments of \$33,799 during the fiscal year.
- CHESLA issued debt of \$40,550. \$35,550 to be used for in-school loans and \$5,000 for refinance loans.
- CSLF's bonds payable decreased by \$27,975 from voluntary redemptions made during the year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to CHEFA's basic financial statements. CHEFA's basic financial statements comprise two components: 1) financial statements, and 2) notes to the financial statements. Separate financial statements are presented for CHEFA (primary government), which includes CCDC, and the two discretely presented component units CHESLA and CSLF.

Financial statements. The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of CHEFA's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. CHEFA's operations are reported as business-type activities.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all CHEFA's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between these accounts reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of CHEFA is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents information showing how CHEFA's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected loans and earned but unused vacation leave).

The statement of cash flows presents the cash flow by each type of activity.

The financial statements can be found in Exhibits A, B and C.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found in Exhibit D.

Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority (CHEFA) (including CCDC)

Financial Analysis

Assets exceeded liabilities at June 30, 2019. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The restricted portion of net position for CHEFA at fiscal year-end was 30.7%. CHEFA's net position invested in capital assets was 1.5%. The remaining portion of net position (67.8%) is unrestricted.

A summary of the statement of net position is as follows:

Summary Statement of Net Position (in thousands)

,	CHEFA	
	2019	2018
Current and other assets	\$ 226,9	48 \$ 244,119
Capital assets (net)	2	23 106
Total assets	227,1	71 244,225
Assets held on behalf of the State of CT	2,1	65 2,170
Other liabilities	210,5	43 228,062
Total liabilities	212,7	230,232
Net investment in capital assets	2:	23 106
Restricted	4,4	4,487
Unrestricted	9,79	92 9,400
Total net position	\$ 14,4	63 \$ 13,993

At June 30, 2019 – CCDC maintained \$107 in current liabilities (Due to CHEFA) and an unrestricted net position of (\$107), included above.

Statement of Changes in Net Position. The statement of changes in net position's purpose is presenting information on how the net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. For the fiscal year, CHEFA's net position increased \$470 (\$577 net of \$107 loss for CCDC).

A statement of changes in net position follows:

Statement of Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

	CHEFA			
	2019 2018		018	
Operating revenues:				
Administrative fees	\$	7,488	\$	7,463
Supporting services fees		282		282
Bond issuance fees		45		59
Other revenues		3		153
Total operating revenues		7,818		7,957
Operating expenses:				
Salaries and related expenses		2,943		2,807
General and administrative		611		545
Contracted services		267		133
Total operating expenses		3,821		3,485
Operating income		3,997		4,472
Nonoperating income (expenses):				
Investment income		330		192
Payment to State		(900)		(900)
Grants and childcare subsidy expense		(2,957)		(2,879)
Total nonoperating expenses		(3,527)		(3,587)
Increase in net position		470		885
Net position, July 1, 2018		13,993		13,108
Net position, June 30, 2019	\$	14,463	\$	13,993

At June 30, 2019, CCDC expenses included above totaled \$29 in general and administrative and \$78 in contracted services, for a total change in unrestricted net position of (\$107).

Revenues

CHEFA is a conduit issuer of tax-exempt bonds issued on behalf of non-profit healthcare institutions, higher education institutions and independent schools, childcare facilities, long-term care facilities, cultural institutions and various other qualified non-profit institutions. CHEFA charges the borrower for administration and application fees.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The fee charged is a Board approved administrative fee of 9 basis points (.0009) annually on the outstanding balance of bonds.

Revenues totaled \$7,818 for fiscal year 2019. Administrative fees are the largest revenue source and represent 95.8% of total revenues. Supporting services fees for support services provided to CHESLA, CSLF and CCDC totaled \$282, representing 3.6% of revenues for the year. The balance includes application fees for the conduit debt issued and other revenues at .6%.

Significant changes from the prior year for revenues are as follows:

- Administrative fees increased by \$25 to \$7,488 during the year. The increase is due to the change in the par value of loans outstanding at June 30, 2019 compared to June 30, 2018. Fees are calculated on the total par amount outstanding in any given year.
 - The balance of the par value of debt outstanding at June 30, 2019 was \$8,408,386 as compared to \$8,349,699 at June 30, 2018.
 - During the year, CHEFA had 13 issues of new conduit debt totaling \$418,445 in par value, of which 35.2% was the refinancing of pre-existing debt.
- Nonoperating investment income increased by \$138 to \$330 from \$192 recognized in fiscal year 2018. This is a result of interest rate increases as compared to the prior year.

Expenses

Expenses totaled \$3,821 for the fiscal year. Of the expenses, 77% or \$2,943 was for salaries and related expenses. General and administrative expenses amounted to \$611, or 16%, while contracted services amounted to \$267 or 7%.

Significant changes from the prior year are as follows:

- Salaries and related expenses increased by \$136 from fiscal year 2018 to \$2,943.
- Contracted services increased by \$134 from fiscal year 2018 to \$267.
- Grants and childcare subsidy expense increased from fiscal year 2018 by \$78.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2019, CHEFA's capital assets amounted to \$223, net of depreciation. This includes leasehold improvements, furniture and fixtures, and computer and office equipment. Capital assets increased by \$117 due to capital asset additions of \$171, offset by depreciation of \$54. Capital asset purchases during the year were related to a network infrastructure project.

Additional information on capital assets can be found in Exhibit D (II) C.

Economic Factors

The significant factors impacting CHEFA include the interest rate environment and potential tax reform as both may impact borrower issuance and/or refinancing options.

Connecticut Higher Education Supplemental Loan Authority (CHESLA)

Financial Analysis

For CHESLA, assets exceeded liabilities at June 30, 2019. Due to the nature of operations, a significant portion of net position is subject to bond resolution restrictions. The restricted net position for CHESLA at fiscal year-end was 80.49%. CHESLA's net position invested in capital assets was 0.01%. The remaining portion of net position (19.50%) is unrestricted.

A summary of the statement of net position is as follows:

Summary Statement of Net Position (in thousands)

(iii tiiousuiius)	CHESLA		
	2019	2018	
Current and other assets	\$ 212,005	\$ 182,470	
Capital assets, net	3	3	
Total assets	212,008	182,473	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	176,543	151,965	
Other liabilities	1,070	843	
Total liabilities	177,613	152,808	
Deferred inflows of resources	1,507	7	
Net invested in capital assets	3	3	
Restricted	26,471	18,087	
Unrestricted	6,414	11,568	
Total net position	\$ 32,888	\$ 29,658	

CHESLA's unrestricted net position consists primarily of board designated assets for the refinance and the scholarship programs. In fiscal year 2019, CHESLA funded new loans, net of returns, of \$24,441 of in-school loans and \$3,323 in Refi CT loans, compared to \$21,597 and \$2,877, respectively, in fiscal year 2018. Resulting in increases of 13% for in-school and 15% for Refi CT over fiscal year 2018.

Statement of Changes in Net Position. The statement of changes in net position's purpose is presenting information on how the net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. For the fiscal year, CHESLA's net position increased \$3,230.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

A statement of changes in net position follows:

Statement of Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

		CHESLA		
	2019 2018		018	
Operating revenues:				
Interest income on loans receivable	\$	7,433	\$	7,333
Administrative fees		738		669
Contributions from CSLF		4,000		3,993
Other revenues				32
Total operating revenues		12,171		12,027
Operating expenses:				
Interest expense		5,898		5,994
Salaries and related expenses		184		137
General and administrative		631		565
Refinance program		53		40
Scholarships		2,000		1,993
Loan service fees		565		598
Contracted services		51		39
Bond issuance costs		825		709
Provision for loan losses		660		581
Total operating expenses		10,867		10,656
Operating income		1,304		1,371
Nonoperating income:				
Investment income		1,926		784
Increase in net position		3,230		2,155
Net position, July 1, 2018		29,658		27,503
Net position, June 30, 2019	\$	32,888	\$	29,658

The increase in net position for fiscal year 2019 reflects the funds received from CSLF for the scholarship and Refi CT programs and an increase in investment income.

Revenues

CHESLA provides financial assistance in the form of education loans to students in or from the State of Connecticut. Refi CT is available to Connecticut residents or to non-residents who are refinancing a CHESLA loan. CHESLA is authorized to issue tax-exempt bonds, the proceeds of which are used to fund education loans to students meeting certain eligibility requirements. The repayments of such loans service the debt on CHESLA bonds. Revenues include origination fees and the interest charged on the loans.

Significant changes from the prior year for revenues are as follows:

- Administrative fees increased by \$69 to \$738 during the year.
- Contributions from CSLF totaled \$5,500:
 - The Scholarship Fund received \$3,500 as compared to \$2,000 in fiscal year 2018. The current year contributions were authorized by the Board in fiscal year 2018 and \$2,000 was disbursed throughout fiscal year 2019. The remaining monies of \$1,500 are recorded as a deferred inflows, to be disbursed in fiscal year 2020.
 - o A contribution of \$2,000 was also received for the in-school student loan program.
- Nonoperating investment income increased by \$1,142 in fiscal year 2019, primarily due to the increase in market value of the Treasury notes held in the Special Capital Reserve Fund ("SCRF") investment accounts of the 2009A and 2010A Bond issues in addition to an increase in interest rates.

Expenses

Expenses totaled \$10,867 for the fiscal year. The largest expense representing 54.3% or \$5,898 of total expenses was for interest payments on debt. This is a decrease of 2.0% from the 56.3% in fiscal year 2018. Scholarship expenses amounted to \$2,000 or 18.4%. General and administrative expenses amounted to \$631 or 5.8%. Bond issue costs totaled \$825 or 7.6%, loan servicing fees totaled \$565 or 5.2% and provision for loan losses totaled \$660 or 6.1% of the total expenses.

Significant changes from the prior year are as follows:

- Interest expense decreased by \$96 as compared to fiscal year 2018 resulting from the change in the principal balance of outstanding debt, the issuance of new bonds and the early redemption of bonds in September 2018.
- Salaries and related expenses increased by \$47.
- General and administrative expenses increased by \$66 primarily due to an increase in marketing costs and other expenses.
- The refinance program expenses increased by \$13. The program was originally funded during fiscal year 2016 by a contribution from CSLF (\$6,000). \$500 of the program funding was designated for start-up and marketing costs. \$171 was spent in fiscal year 2016, \$201 in fiscal year 2017, \$40 in fiscal year 2018, and \$53 in the current year with the remainder for this program to be spent on marketing in future years.
- Bond issuance increased by \$116. Three bond issues closed in fiscal year 2019 as compared to two in fiscal year 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Provision for loan losses increased by \$79. \$660 in fiscal year 2019 as compared to \$581 in fiscal year 2018. This expense continues to increase yearly, reflecting additional loan originations.

Capital assets

At June 30, 2019, CHESLA's capital assets remained level at \$3.

Long-term debt

Long-term debt for CHESLA is as follows:

Bonds Payable (in thousands)

,	CHESLA		
	2019 2018		
Revenue bonds	\$ 171,570	\$ 147,810	
Premiums/discounts	4,973	4,155	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 176,543	\$ 151,965	

CHESLA's increase in the principal revenue bonds outstanding is a result of new issuances totaling \$40,550 and redemptions of \$16,790.

CHESLA maintains an "A" rating from Fitch Ratings and an A1 rating from Moody's Investors Service for its state supported revenue bonds.

Additional information on long-term debt can be found in Exhibit D (II) D.

Economic Factors

The general economic conditions, direction of the economy and unemployment rates affect CHESLA as they may impact the ability of individuals to repay their loans and the rate of loan origination.

Connecticut Student Loan Foundation (CSLF)

Financial Analysis

CSLF's assets exceeded liabilities at June 30, 2019. Due to the nature of CSLF's operations, a portion of net position is subject to bond resolution restrictions. At fiscal year-end, the restricted net position was 21.9% or \$4,759. The remaining portion of net position is unrestricted and represents 78.1% of the total net position. The increase was due primarily to loan interest revenue net of the \$3,500 contributed to CHESLA for the scholarship and in-school loan programs authorized by the Board.

A summary of the statement of net position is as follows:

Summary Statement of Net Position (in thousands)

(iii tiiououiiuo)			
	CSLF		
	2019	2018	
Current and other assets	\$ 193,792	\$ 226,083	
Total assets	193,792	226,083	
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	171,302 734	199,181 2,912	
Total liabilities	172,036	202,093	
Restricted Unrestricted	4,759 16,997	4,693 19,297	
Total net position	\$ 21,756	\$ 23,990	

Statement of Changes in Net Position. The statement of changes in net position's purpose is presenting information on how the net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. For the fiscal year, CSLF's net position decreased by \$2,234.

A statement of changes in net position follows:

Statement of Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

	CSL	CSLF		
	2019	2018		
Operating revenues:				
Interest income on loans receivable	\$ 10,403	\$ 10,475		
Not-for-profit servicing income	210	207		
Total operating revenues	10,613	10,682		
Operating expenses:				
Interest expense	6,580	5,626		
General and administrative	247	262		
Loan service fees	772	875		
Consolidation rebate fees	1,281	1,430		
Contracted services	222	409		
Provision for loan losses	394			
Total operating expenses	9,496	8,602		
Operating income	1,117	2,080		
Nonoperating income (expenses):				
Investment income	149	97		
Contribution revenue/expense	(3,500)	(4,000)		
Total nonoperating expenses	(3,351)	(3,903)		
Decrease in net position	(2,234)	(1,823)		
Net position, July 1, 2018	23,990	25,813		
Net position, June 30, 2019	\$ 21,756	\$ 23,990		

Revenues

CSLF is not issuing new loans. It is administering its existing loan portfolio which consists primarily of federally guaranteed loans. Its purpose was to improve educational opportunity by originating and acquiring student loans and providing related services. CSLF also participates in the not-for-profit servicer program.

Interest income represents the largest operating revenue component. CSLF earns interest income, interest subsidies and special allowance on student loans. Interest income for fiscal year 2019 totaled \$10,403 (98.0%) compared to \$10,475 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. These revenue sources are variable in nature and are a direct function of market conditions. Interest rates for student borrowers in the CSLF portfolio have been fixed. The net interest to loan holders remains variable and, therefore, subject to market conditions. Lender yields are limited and vary as Congress and market conditions dictate. Loan interest revenue calculated to be in excess of congressionally established levels (excess yield) is paid to the U.S. Department of Education. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, CSLF paid \$1,695 to the US Department of Education

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

compared to \$3,298 paid during fiscal year 2018.

The balance of CSLF revenues is the not-for-profit service fee of \$210 or 2.0% of revenues.

Significant changes from the prior year for revenues are as follows:

- Interest income on loans receivable is the largest component of operating revenues totaling \$10,403, a decrease of \$72 from the prior year amount of \$10,475 as a result of decreasing loan balances outstanding.
- Not-for-profit servicing income totaled \$210 for the fiscal year ended 2019, an increase of \$3 as compared to fiscal year 2018.

Expenses

Expenses totaled \$9,496 for the fiscal year. The largest of which was interest expense on the Auction Rate Certificates ("ARCs") issued to raise money to make or acquire student loans. The interest rate on the ARCs is variable and auctioned every twenty-eight days. Due to the continued failure of the auctions, all investors are being paid at Treasury-Bill plus 1.20%, the maximum rate defined in the Indenture based upon the current ratings of the bonds. Interest expense totaled \$6,580 or 69.3%. Consolidation rebate fees paid to the U.S. Department of Education totaled \$1,281 or 13.5% of total expenses and loan servicing fees totaled \$772 or 8.1% of total expenses.

Significant changes from the prior year are as follows:

- Bond interest expense increased in 2019 by \$954. The increase is due to the rising interest rates and the variable rate nature of the bonds during the fiscal year.
- Loan servicing fees decreased by \$103 reflecting the decrease in the number of loans serviced, due to loan repayments.
- Consolidation rebate fees decreased by \$149 reflecting the decrease in the principal balance of federal consolidation loans outstanding as the portfolio matures.
- After several years of improvement, performance of the CSLF Federal loans deteriorated over the course of 2019. Incorporating the changes in performance into projections of future losses results in a shortfall in the federal loan loss reserve of \$441. The performance of the Private Student loan portfolio was in line with prior expectations and revised projections results in a decrease of the private loan loss reserve of \$47. In June 2019, the board approved the adjusted reserve levels.
- Nonoperating expense decreased by \$500, relating to the Board authorized contribution to CHESLA of \$1,500 for the scholarship program for fiscal year 2019.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Debt Administration

Long-term debt

Long-term debt for CSLF is as follows:

Bonds Payable (in thousands)

	CSLF		
	2019 2018		
Revenue bonds Premiums/discounts	\$ 171,625 (323)	\$ 199,600 (419)	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 171,302	\$ 199,181	

CSLF's decrease in long-term debt was due to the redemption of \$27,975 of bonds during the fiscal year.

CSLF maintains a AAA (senior debt) and AA+ (subordinate debt) rating from Standard & Poor's. CSLF maintains a AAA (senior debt) and AA (subordinate debt) rating from Fitch Ratings.

Additional information on long-term debt can be found in Exhibit D (II) D.

Economic Factors

General economic conditions have a smaller impact on CSLF. Due to the guarantee by the U.S. Department of Education (generally at 98% of principal and interest), CSLF does not experience significant loan losses in an economic downturn. Loan defaults and the resulting claim payments will accelerate repayment of the loan portfolio. In addition, interest rate risk is minimized as both the loan portfolio and the outstanding bonds have variable interest rates tied to market rates.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to familiarize our stakeholders and customers with CHEFA's finances and to demonstrate CHEFA's fiscal accountability for its operations. Questions concerning this report, or request for additional financial information, should be directed to Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority at 10 Columbus Boulevard, Hartford, Connecticut 06106-1978.

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Government		Component Units						
	CHEFA			CHESLA		CSLF		Total	
<u>Assets</u>									
Current assets									
Unrestricted assets									
Cash	\$	2,369	\$	414	\$	404	\$	3,187	
Investments		7,268		6,887		-		14,155	
Receivables									
Accounts (net of allowance									
for uncollectibles of \$86)		357		-		17		374	
Current portion of loans receivable		-		73		-		73	
Interest receivable on investments		-		6		-		6	
Loan interest receivable		-		21		-		21	
Related parties		56		-		-		56	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		83		25		1		109	
Total unrestricted assets		10,133		7,426		422		17,981	
Restricted assets									
Investments									
Institutions		210,153		-		-		210,153	
Bond indenture trusts		-		47,661		6,629		54,290	
Current portion of loans receivable		-		20,560		10,564		31,124	
Interest receivable on investments		-		214		-		214	
Loan interest receivable				494		5,597		6,091	
Total restricted assets		210,153		68,929		22,790		301,872	
Total current assets		220,286		76,355		23,212		319,853	
Noncurrent assets									
Unrestricted assets									
Capital assets (net of									
accumulated depreciation)		223		3		-		226	
Loans receivable (net of									
allowance for uncollectibles)		-		631		-		631	
Restricted assets									
Investments		6,662		23,650		-		30,312	
Loans receivable (net of									
allowance for uncollectibles)				111,369		170,580		281,949	
Total noncurrent assets		6,885		135,653		170,580		313,118	
Total assets	\$	227,171	\$	212,008	\$	193,792	\$	632,971	

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	CHEFA	CHEFA CHESLA		Total	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 33	\$ 189	\$ 22	\$ 244	
Accrued expenses	361	13	66	440	
Amounts held for institutions	210,149	-	-	210,149	
Accrued interest payable	-	868	-	868	
U.S. Department of Education payable Trust Estate payable	-	-	310 336	310 336	
Current portion of bonds payable	_	- 12,085	-	12,085	
Current portion of borids payable		12,000		12,000	
Total current liabilities	210,543	13,155	734	224,432	
Noncurrent liabilities					
Bonds payable and related					
liabilities, net of current portion	-	164,458	171,302	335,760	
Amount held for the State of Connecticut	2,165			2,165	
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,165	164,458	171,302	337,925	
Total liabilities	212,708	177,613	172,036	562,357	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unearned revenue		1,507		1,507	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	223	3	_	226	
Restricted	4,448	26,471	4,759	35,678	
Unrestricted	9,792	6,414	16,997	33,203	
Total net position	14,463	32,888	21,756	69,107	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources and net position	\$ 227,171	\$ 212,008	\$ 193,792	\$ 632,971	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

Primary

	Government		Component Units					
	CHEFA		CHESLA		CSLF			Total
Operating revenues								
Interest income on loans receivable	\$	-	\$	7,433	\$	10,403	\$	17,836
Administrative fees		7,488		738		-		8,226
Supporting services fees		282		-		-		282
Contributions from CSLF (scholarships								
and Refi Program)		-		4,000		-		4,000
Bond issuance fees		45		-		-		45
Not-for-profit servicing income		-		-		210		210
Other revenues		3						3
Total operating revenues		7,818		12,171		10,613		30,602
Operating expenses								
Interest expense		-		5,898		6,580		12,478
Salaries and related expenses		2,943		184		-		3,127
General and administrative		611		631		247		1,489
Refinance program		-		53		-		53
Scholarships		-		2,000		-		2,000
Loan service fees		-		565		772		1,337
Consolidation rebate fees		-		-		1,281		1,281
Contracted services		267		51		222		540
Bond issuance costs		-		825		-		825
Provision for loan losses		-		660		394		1,054
Total operating expenses		3,821		10,867		9,496		24,184
Operating income		3,997		1,304		1,117		6,418
Nonoperating income (expenses)								
Investment income		330		1,926		149		2,405
Payment to State (legislative mandate)		(900)		-		-		(900)
Grants and child care subsidy expense		(2,957)		_		_		(2,957)
Contributions to CHESLA						(3,500)		(3,500)
Total nonoperating income (expenses)		(3,527)		1,926		(3,351)		(4,952)
Change in net position		470		3,230		(2,234)		1,466
Net position, July 1, 2018		13,993		29,658		23,990		67,641
Net position, June 30, 2019	\$	14,463	\$	32,888	\$	21,756	\$	69,107

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Primary					
	Government	Component Units				
	CHEFA	CHESLA	CSLF			
Cash flows from operating activities						
Cash received from loan payments	\$ -	\$ 20,336	\$ 33,799			
Interest received on loans	-	7,390	6,578			
Fees received on loans	-	-	182			
Contributions received from CSLF	-	5,500	-			
Cash received for administrative fees	7,477	-	-			
Cash received for recovery of loans	-	2	-			
Cash received for general administrative fees	276	-	-			
Cash received for not-for-profit servicing	-	-	210			
Cash received for other revenues	3	-	-			
Cash received for bond issuance fees	45	<u>-</u>	-			
Cash payments for employee wages and benefits	(2,928)	(178)	-			
Cash payments for interest on bonds	-	(6,134)	(6,484)			
Cash payments for excess interest	-	-	(953)			
Cash payments for loans issued	-	(27,764)	-			
Cash payments for loans repurchased	-	- (505)	(682)			
Cash payments for loan servicing fees	-	(565)	(772)			
Cash payments for consolidation fees	(000)	(074)	(1,268)			
Cash payments for contracted services	(266)	(271)	(222)			
Cash payments for refinance program	(000)	(53)	(0.005)			
Cash payments for other operating expenses	(329)	(1,047)	(2,305)			
Cash payments for scholarships		(2,000)				
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	4,278	(4,784)	28,083			
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Proceeds from bond sales	407,045	40,550	=			
Proceeds from bond premiums	30,661	1,152	=			
Proceeds from institutions	19,968	-	-			
Payments to institutions	(77,697)	-	-			
Proceeds from investment income						
for amounts held for others	4,034	-	-			
Releases from amounts held for institutions	(401,732)	-	-			
Cash paid to State (legislative mandate)	(900)	-	-			
Cash paid to grantees and child care subsidy	(2,962)	-	-			
Payments of bond principal	-	(16,790)	(27,975)			
Contributions to CHESLA			(3,500)			
Net cash provided by (used in)						
noncapital financing activities	(21,583)	24,912	(31,475)			

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Government		Component Units				
	CHEFA		CHESLA			CSLF	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Purchase of capital assets	\$	(171)	\$		-	\$	-
Cash flows from investing activities Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of investments Investment income		366,393 (348,060) 330		(1	92,349 14,238) 1,845		46,593 (43,837) 149
Net cash provided by investing activities		18,663			(20,044)		2,905
Net increase (decrease) in cash		1,187			84		(487)
Cash (including restricted cash), July 1, 2018		1,182			330		891
Cash (including restricted cash), June 30, 2019	\$	2,369	\$		414	\$	404
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities							
Operating income	\$	3,997		\$	1,304	\$	1,117
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation expense Bond discount/premium amortization Provision for loan losses Issuance of loans receivable used to pay origination fees Interest on loans paid through loan advances Loan advances to capitalize interest to loans (Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable Accounts receivable - related party Prepaid expenses and other assets Loans receivable Loan interest receivable Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable		54 - - - (11) (6) 42 - - (1)			- (334) 662 (738) - - - (7) (7,355) (43) 121		- 96 394 - (3,182) 3,182 - 13 - - 29,935 (1,294) (9)
Accrued expenses Accrued interest payable U.S. Department of Education payable Trust Estate payable Unearned revenue		203 - - - -			6 100 - - 1,500		(2,049) - (127) 7 -
Net adjustments to operating income		281			(6,088)		26,966
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	4,278	\$		(4,784)	\$	28,083

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

History and organization

The Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority ("CHEFA" or the "Authority") - CHEFA is a quasi-public agency and component unit of the State of Connecticut (the "State"). CHEFA was established pursuant to Chapter 187 of the General Statutes of Connecticut, Revision of 1958, as amended by Public Acts 93-102, 93-262 and 97-259 (the "Act"). CHEFA is constituted as a public instrumentality and political subdivision of the State whose board of directors is appointed by the Governor of the State of Connecticut. The purpose of CHEFA, as stated in the Act, is to assist certain health care institutions, institutions of higher education and qualified not-for-profit institutions in the financing and refinancing of projects to be undertaken in relation to the programs for these institutions. Debt issued by CHEFA is payable from the revenues of the institutions and is not an obligation of CHEFA or the State of Connecticut. Neither the State nor CHEFA is obligated for such debt except for loans or bonds issued under the Child Care Facilities Loan Program, as discussed in Note II.F, and the Special Capital Reserve Fund Program. Under the Special Capital Reserve Fund Program, the State is obligated for replenishment of debt service reserve funds. The financial statements include Connecticut Higher Education Supplemental Loan Authority ("CHESLA") and Connecticut Student Loan Foundation ("CSLF") as component units.

Reporting entity

CHESLA is a quasi-public agency established in 1982 pursuant to Section 4 of the Connecticut Higher Education Supplemental Loan Authority Act, Public Act 82-313 of the Connecticut General Assembly. CHESLA was established to assist students, their parents and institutions of higher education in financing the cost of higher education through its bond funds. CHESLA maintains separate financial statement accounts for its agency operating fund, bond funds, and other programs. The 1990 Bond Fund is governed by the 1990 Revenue Bond Resolution, as amended, supplemented and restated, pursuant to which all outstanding bonds were issued prior to 2003 and after 2007. The 2019 Bond Fund is governed by the 2019 Revenue Bond Resolution, as amended, supplemented and restated, pursuant to which all outstanding bonds were issued during 2019.

Public Act 12-149 statutorily consolidated CHESLA with CHEFA by making CHESLA a subsidiary of CHEFA. As a subsidiary of CHEFA, CHESLA retains its legal identity as a separate quasi-public authority, continues to be subject to suit and liability solely from its own assets, revenues and resources, and has no recourse to the general funds, revenues, resources or other assets of CHEFA or the State. Separate financial statements are not prepared for CHESLA.

Public Act No. 14-217 statutorily consolidated CSLF with CHEFA by making CSLF a subsidiary of CHEFA. As a subsidiary of CHEFA, CSLF retains its legal identity as a separate quasi-public authority, continues to be subject to suit and liability solely from its own assets, revenues and resources, and has no recourse to the general funds, revenues, resources or other assets of CHEFA or the State. Separate financial statements are not prepared for CSLF.

In February 2019, CHEFA created a new subsidiary, the CHEFA Community Development Corporation ("CCDC"). As a subsidiary of CHEFA, CCDC retains it legal identity as a non-profit entity as defined by the Internal Revenue Service and is subject to suit and liability solely from its own assets, revenues and resources, and has no recourse to the general funds, revenues, resources or other assets of CHEFA or the State. CCDC was established to offer financing programs utilizing available federal tax credits to fund projects for non-profit organizations serving low income Connecticut Communities. Separate financial statements are not prepared for CCDC.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

Reporting entity

CSLF was originally established as a Connecticut State chartered nonprofit corporation established pursuant to State of Connecticut Statute Chapter 187a and governed by Title IV, Part B of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, for the purpose of improving educational opportunity. CSLF no longer originates or acquires student loans but continues to provide appropriate services incident to the administration of programs, which are established to improve educational opportunities.

CSLF has entered into an agreement to participate in the not-for-profit servicer program established under the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 ("HCERA"), Public Law 111-152.

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Financial statements

The financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position) report information on all of the Authority's activities. The Authority relies to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), the financial statements of the reporting entity, CHEFA, include those of CHEFA (the primary government) and its component units (CHESLA and CSLF). In accordance with GAAP, the financial statements of the component units have been included in the financial reporting entity through a discrete presentation.

Discretely Presented Component Units - CHESLA and CSLF meet the criteria for discrete presentation and are presented separately from CHEFA in separate columns within these financial statements to clearly distinguish their balances and transactions from the primary government, CHEFA. CHEFA and its component units, CHESLA and CSLF, are referred to together as the "Authority" throughout these financial statements when a common disclosure applies.

The financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

In accordance with GAAP, transactions between a primary government and discretely presented component units are not eliminated from the financial statements. The fees charged by CHEFA to CHESLA and CSLF for administrative support and transfers of funds between entities are recorded in the same manner as unrelated entity transactions.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority are charges to customers for administrative fees and interest on loan repayments. Operating expenses for the Authority include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Administrative fees

CHEFA is self-supporting and charges an administrative fee to institutions with outstanding bond issues to cover its operating expenses. All issues are charged an annual fee of nine basis points, billed semi-annually, in arrears, on the outstanding par amount of the bonds.

Loan reserve fee revenue

CHESLA charges 3% reserve fee on loans governed by the 1990 and 2019 Revenue Bond Resolutions. This fee is recognized as an origination fee to the loans and is included in administrative fees on loans receivable on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position.

Interest income on loans

For CHESLA and CSLF, interest income on loans is recognized based on the rates applied to principal amounts outstanding. For CHESLA, the accrual of interest income is generally discontinued when a loan is classified as nonperforming. Loans are currently considered nonperforming by management when the borrower has not made payments for the most recent 120 days. For CSLF, the accrual of interest income generally is discontinued when a claim is paid on a Federal Family Education Loan Program loan, or for alternative loans, when a loan is delinquent for 120 days.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

Nonoperating activity

Activities not related to CHEFA's primary purpose are considered nonoperating. Nonoperating activities consist primarily of income on investments and expenses related to CHEFA's grant program. All of CHESLA's revenues and expenses are considered operating, except for income on investments. CSLF's nonoperating activities consist of income on investments and expenses related to contributions to CHESLA as authorized by the Board of Directors.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position

1. Deposits and investments

<u>Deposits</u> - The Authority's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

<u>Investments</u> - The eligible investments are governed by each entity's enabling legislation (Connecticut Statutes) as follows:

CHEFA

State of Connecticut Statutes allows CHEFA to invest any funds not needed for immediate use or disbursement, including reserve funds, in obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States of America or the State of Connecticut, including the State's Short-Term or Long-Term Investment Fund, and in other securities or obligations which are legal investments for banks in this state, or in investment agreements with financial institutions whose short-term obligations are rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service or of any rating service recognized by the Banking Commissioner, or investment agreements fully secured by obligations of, or guaranteed by, the United States or agencies or instrumentalities of the United States or in securities or obligations which are legal investments for savings banks in this state, subject to repurchase agreements in the manner in which such agreements are negotiated in sales of securities in the market place, provided that the Authority shall not enter into any such agreement with any securities dealer or bank acting as a securities dealer unless such dealer or bank is included in the list of primary dealers, effective at the time of such agreement, as prepared by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, provided the investment of escrowed proceeds of refunding bonds shall be governed by section 10a-192, and further provided nothing in this subsection shall limit the investment of reserve funds of the Authority, or of any moneys held in trust or otherwise for the payment of bonds or notes of the Authority, pursuant to section 10a-190a.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

I. Summary of significant accounting policiesC. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position

CHESLA

CHESLA may invest any funds in (1) direct obligations of the United States or the State of Connecticut, (2) obligations as to which the timely payment of principal and interest is fully quaranteed by the United States or the State of Connecticut, and Connecticut's Short-Term Investment Fund, (3) obligations of the United States Export-Import Bank, Farmers Home Administration, Federal Financing Bank, Federal Housing Administration, General Services Administration, United States Maritime Administration, United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, Farm Credit System, Resolution Funding Corporation, federal intermediate credit banks, federal banks for cooperatives, federal land bank, federal home loan banks, Federal National Mortgage Association, Government National Mortgage Association and the Student Loan Marketing Association, (4) certificates of deposit or time deposits constituting direct obligations of any bank in the State, provided that investments may be made only in those certificates of deposit or time deposits in banks which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation if then in existence, (5) withdrawable capital accounts or deposits of federal chartered savings and loan associations which are insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, (6) other obligations which are legal investments for savings banks in the State, (7) investment agreements with financial institutions whose long-term obligations are rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service or of any rating service recognized by the Banking Commissioner or whose short-term obligations are rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service or of any rating service recognized by the Banking Commissioner, or investment agreements fully secured by obligations of, or quaranteed by, the United States or agencies or instrumentalities of the United States, and (8) securities or obligations which are legal investments for savings banks in Connecticut, subject to repurchase agreements in the manner in which such agreements are negotiated in sales of securities in the market place, provided CHESLA shall not enter into any such agreement with any securities dealer or bank acting as a securities dealer unless such dealer or bank is included in the list of primary dealers, as prepared by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, effective at the time of the agreement. Any such securities may be purchased at the offering or market price thereof at the time of such purchase. All such securities so purchased shall mature or be redeemable on a date or dates prior to the time when, in the judgment of CHESLA, the funds so invested will be required for expenditure. The express judgment of CHESLA as to the time when any funds shall be required for expenditure or be redeemable is final and conclusive.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position

<u>CSLF</u>

The State of Connecticut Statutes allows CSLF to invest all moneys received by or on behalf of the entity or by or on behalf of a subsidiary created pursuant to subdivision (5) of section 10a-204, as applicable, pursuant to or subject to the pledge of any resolution or trust agreement authorized by this section, whether as proceeds from the sale of bonds or as revenues, shall be deemed to be trust funds to be held and applied solely as provided in such resolution or trust agreement. Subject to the provisions of any resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds, notes or other obligations, any such moneys may be invested in the Connecticut Short-Term Investment Fund and in such other investments and investment agreements as may be approved by resolution of the issuer. In connection with, or incidental to, the issuance or carrying of bonds, notes or other obligations, or acquisition or carrying of any investment or program of investment, the entity or any subsidiary created pursuant to subdivision (5) of section 10a-204 may enter into any contract with any financial institution having a rating of at least "A" or into any contract secured by security so rated, which the issuer determines to be necessary or appropriate to place the obligation or investment of the issuer, as represented by the bonds, notes or other obligations, investment or program of investment and the contract or contracts, in whole or in part, on the interest rate cash flow or other basis desired by the issuer.

Investment policies

CHEFA's investment policy provides that the investment portfolio for its unrestricted investments be designed with the objective of regularly exceeding the average return of 90-day U.S. Treasury Bills. The investment policy as it relates to restricted investments provides that all restricted accounts be invested in strict accordance with the bond issue trust indentures and with applicable Connecticut State law. Whenever possible, restricted investments are to be held to maturity and invested in an appropriate manner so as to ensure the availability for specified payment dates, planned construction draws and other intended purposes as set forth in the relevant trust indentures and agreements, and to ensure a rate of return at least equal to the restricted bond yield for long-term funds, all with minimal risk to capital.

CHESLA and CSLF's specific investment policy complies with the underlying bond resolution requirements. In addition, to minimize interest rate risk, the structuring of the investment portfolios is done so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell investments on the open market prior to maturity. Operating funds are primarily invested in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds or similar investment pools.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position

Concentrations of credit risk

CHEFA, for unrestricted investments, places limits on the amount of investment in any one issuer. No issuer other than the United States Treasury or the Connecticut Short-Term Investment Fund shall constitute greater than 15% of unrestricted investments, except for qualified money market or bond funds, none of which shall constitute greater than 50% of unrestricted investments.

CHESLA and CSLF do not have a formalized investment policy that restricts investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of total investments. The deposit and investment policies comply with the underlying bond resolution requirements as previously described.

Investment income is recorded in the fund in which it was earned.

Method used to value investments

Investments for the Authority are reported at fair value. Connecticut Short-Term Investment Fund is an investment pool managed by the State of Connecticut Office of the State Treasurer. Investments must be made in instruments authorized by Connecticut General Statutes 3-27a - 3-27c. Investment guidelines are adopted by the State Treasurer. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

The Authority presents all investments at fair value, except for non-participating investment contracts, which are recorded at cost.

2. Fees and loan receivables

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance is based upon a review of the outstanding receivables and past collection history.

3. Restricted assets

Restricted assets are maintained under trust agreements in separate sub-funds for each debt issue in accordance with the requirements of the underlying bond issue documents.

CHEFA's restricted assets include assets held in construction and project funds for which CHEFA has fiduciary responsibility. Construction and project funds reflect the receipt of bond proceeds, costs of issuance and disbursement of monies for the payment of construction or renovation projects and equipment for the institutions.

The interest earned on restricted assets held for institutions is not reflected in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, as such income accrues to the benefit of the institutions.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position

The restricted investments classified as noncurrent include funds held by CHEFA as a result of its partnership with the State of Connecticut Department of Education ("SDE"), the Office of the State Treasurer, and banking institutions to provide childcare providers with access to financing under the following loan programs: the Tax-Exempt Pooled Bond Issue Program, the Guaranteed Loan Fund Program and the Small Revolving Direct Loan Program.

The State of Connecticut Department of Social Services ("DSS") is responsible for paying a portion of the debt service on the Child Care Facilities Program Series F and G bonds and all of the debt service on the State Supported Child Care Revenue Bonds, subject to available appropriations and pursuant to a Memorandum of Understanding.

Guaranteed Loan Fund Program - The purpose of the Guaranteed Loan Fund Program is to guarantee loans for the expansion or development of childcare and child development centers in the State. CHEFA is responsible for guaranteeing 20% to 50% of each loan outstanding.

The DSS contributions to the Guaranteed Loan Fund Program and the Small Revolving Direct Loan Program, net of payouts and accrued expense, along with the amount of CHEFA's support to the Guaranteed Loan Fund Program, are recorded within restricted investments.

Pursuant to Public Act 09-110, which established the Connecticut Credit Union Student Loan Program, CHEFA was required to fund a first loss loan guarantee of 20% on the outstanding balance on each loan.

CHESLA's restricted assets include assets held by the individual bond funds as governed by the bond resolutions as previously described. Under the provisions of the bond resolutions, certain assets are restricted for the repayment of bond principal and interest and for the issuance of student loans. In accordance with the bond resolutions, each bond issue has separate accounts which include individual funds as defined by each bond resolution, including but not limited to combinations of some of the following: the Loan Fund, Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund and Special Capital Reserve Fund.

The 1990 Bond Fund is governed by the 1990 Revenue Bond Resolution pursuant to which all outstanding bonds were issued prior to the 2003 Series A and B bonds as well as the 2009, 2010, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 Series A bonds, 2017 Series B bonds, 2017 Series C bonds and 2018 bonds. The 2019 Bond Fund is governed by the 2019 Revenue Bond Resolution pursuant to which all outstanding bonds in the fund are issued.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position

CHESLA's restricted investments classified as current include the fund investments held by CHESLA pursuant to the bond resolutions in the individual Loan Fund, Revenue Fund and Debt Service Funds.

CHESLA's restricted investments classified as noncurrent include funds held by CHESLA pursuant to the bond resolutions in individual Special Capital Reserve Funds.

Deficiencies, if any, in the Debt Service Fund balances within the CHESLA Bond Funds will be funded from the amount on deposit in the applicable Special Capital Reserve Fund. Both the Debt Service Fund and the Special Capital Reserve Fund are components of restricted investments. In accordance with Public Act 82-313, the State must deposit with the trustee monies necessary to restore the Special Capital Reserve Fund requirement. As of June 30, 2019, the State has not made nor was it required to make any such deposit.

CHESLA's interest on loans receivable is accrued and credited to operations based upon the principal amount outstanding. Loans are placed on nonaccrual status when management believes principal or interest on such loans may not be collected in the normal course of business. The allowance for loan losses has been provided through charges against operations based on management's evaluation of the loan portfolio and maintained at a level believed adequate to absorb potential losses in the loan portfolio. Loans are typically written off against the allowance for loan losses (net of loan recoveries) in the period in which the loans become nonperforming and no payments have been made for 12 consecutive months. However, a loan may be written off at any time management believes the repayment of such loan is doubtful. Collections of loans previously written off are pursued until management believes that further recoveries are doubtful.

CSLF's restricted assets include the Trust Estate net position, as follows:

Trust Estate - Includes assets and liabilities associated with the bond offerings as detailed in the Bond Indenture:

- Trust cash and investment accounts The indenture created special trust accounts to be held by the Trustee to be used for recordkeeping and reporting purposes as defined by the indenture.
- The bonds included in the Trust Estate are special and limited obligations of CSLF, secured by and payable from the Trust Estate held under the indenture, without recourse to any other assets of CSLF. The bonds are secured by eligible student loans as identified in the indenture.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position

- Release of amounts from the Trust Estate The indenture provides that CSLF may withdraw amounts from the Trust Estate under certain limited circumstances as defined in the indenture.
- Redemption and acceleration provisions The indenture sets forth provisions for the redemption and acceleration of the bonds prior to maturity under certain circumstances.

Loans and loan interest receivable: The allowance for Federal Education Loan Program loan losses has been provided through charges against operations based on management's evaluation of the loan portfolio. Loans are typically written off against the allowance for loan losses (net of loan recoveries) at the point in which the guarantee has been paid and CSLF has a risk sharing component or it is determined that all recovery options have been exhausted and the loans have lost their federal guarantee and are no longer eligible for reinstatement. Federal guarantees are reinstated if the lender or servicer successfully performs certain federally prescribed "cure" procedures. In general, the lender has three years from the initial claim rejection date or the latest timely filing date if a claim has not been filed to cure a loan.

For alternative loans, periodic monitoring of loan performance has been established to ensure the adequacy of the reserve allowance. Loans are typically written off against the allowance for loan losses (net of recoveries) at 150 days delinquent.

Nonperforming loans

CHESLA currently defines nonperforming loans as defaulted loans in collections, whereby no payment has been made for 120 days, but have not been written off.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 for all assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position

Property, plant and equipment of the Authority are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Leasehold improvements	5 years
Computer equipment	3-5 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Office equipment	3-6 years
Domain name	15 years

5. Amounts held for institutions

Amounts held for institutions represent amounts payable to institutions, bondholders and others from CHEFA's restricted assets.

6. Amounts held on behalf of the State of Connecticut

Amounts held on behalf of the State of Connecticut represent funds transferred to CHEFA under its agency relationship with SDE related to the childcare program pursuant to Public Act 97-259.

7. Arbitrage rebate and excess loan yield liability

Under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), CHESLA is required to rebate to the federal government certain excess earnings on investments from funds obtained with its tax-exempt bonds, as defined by the Code, or reduce its excess loan yield on student loans financed with tax-exempt bonds.

8. Compensated absences

Employees of the Authority earn sick leave, which can accumulate, and vacation leave based on the provisions of personnel policies. Vacation leave vests with the employee and is payable upon termination of employment.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position

9. Long-term obligations

In the financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenses.

10. Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Authority reports a deferred inflow of resources related to unearned amounts received for the scholarship program that occurs in the subsequent fiscal year.

11. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the Authority will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Authority's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

C. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position

12. Fund equity and net position

In the fund financial statements, net position is classified into the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This category presents the net position that reflect capital assets net of only the debt applicable to the acquisition or construction of these assets. Debt issued for non-capital purposes is excluded.

Restricted Net Position

This category presents the net position restricted by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations).

Unrestricted Net Position

This category presents the net position of the Authority, which is not restricted.

13. Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues and expenses during the fiscal year. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

14. Comparative data/reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

A. Cash and investments

<u>Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk</u> - Custodial credit risk is risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

CHEFA

As of June 30, 2019, \$3,251 of CHEFA's bank balance of \$3,501 (including certificates of deposit and money market accounts classified as investments) was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 2,901
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's	
trust department, not in CHEFA's name	<u>350</u>
·	
Total amount subject to custodial credit risk	<u>\$ 3,251</u>

CHESLA

As of June 30, 2019, \$189 of CHESLA's bank balance of \$440 (including certificates of deposit and money market accounts classified as investments) was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 146
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's	
trust department, not in CHESLA's name	 44
Total amount subject to custodial credit risk	\$ 189

CSLF

As of June 30, 2019, \$226 of CSLF's bank balance of \$476 (including certificates of deposit and money market accounts classified as investments) was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 178
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's	
trust department, not in CSLF's name	 48
Total amount subject to custodial credit risk	\$ 226

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

A. Cash and investments

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Authority to significant concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash. From time-to-time, the Authority's cash account balances exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation limit. The Authority reduces its credit risk by maintaining its cash deposits with major financial institutions and monitoring their credit ratings.

CHEFA's investments (including restricted investments) consisted of the following types and maturities. Specific identification was used to determine the maturities.

			Inve	stment Ma	turities	s (In Yea	rs)	
Type of	Fair	Less		1-5		5-10		Over
Investment	Value	Than 1		Years	`	Years		10
Mutual Funds:								
Government Agency Funds	\$ 169,240	\$ 169,240	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Money Market Funds	2,212	2,212		-		-		-
Pooled Fixed Income	9,482	9,482		-		-		-
U.S. Government Securities	5,320	5,320		-		-		-
U.S. Government Agency Securities	3,106	3,106		-		-		-
Corporate Bonds	24,723	24,723		-		-		-
Repurchase agreement	 10,000	10,000		-		-		-
Total	\$ 224,083	\$ 224,083	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

CHESLA's investments (including restricted investments) consisted of the following types and maturities. Specific identification was used to determine the maturities.

	Investment Maturities (In Years)								
Type of		Fair		Less		1-5	5-10		Over
Investment		Value		Than 1		Years	Years		10
Mutual Funds:									
Bond	\$	2	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2
Bank Money Market Funds		319		319		-	-		-
Pooled Fixed Income		67,045		67,045		-	-		-
U.S. Government Securities		6,861		-		-	6,861		-
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		3,971		-		2,764	1,207		
Total	\$	78,198	\$	67,364	\$	2,764	\$ 8,068	\$	2

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

A. Cash and investments

CSLF's investments (including restricted investments) consisted of the following types and maturities. Specific identification was used to determine the maturities.

Type of	Fair		L	ess
Investment	1	√alue	Th	an 1
Mutual Funds:				
Government Agency Funds	\$	5,321	\$	5,321
Pooled Fixed Income		1,308		1,308
	\$	6,629	\$	6,629

Fair value of investments

Total Investments

The Authority measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by GAAP. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

CHEFA had the following recurring fair value measurements:

Investments by fair value level	Amount	Level 1	Le	vel 2	Lev	/el 3
Government Agency Mutual Funds	\$ 169,240	\$ 169,240	\$	-	\$	-
Money Market Mutual Funds Short-Term:	2,212	2,212		-		-
U.S. Government Securities	5,320	5,320		-		-
U.S. Government Agency Securities	3,106	3,106		-		-
Corporate Bonds	24,723	24,723		-		-
Repurchase agreement	 10,000	 10,000		-		
Total investments by fair value level	214,601	\$ 214,601	\$	-	\$	
Other Investments						
Pooled Fixed Income	9,482					

224,083

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

A. Cash and investments

CHESLA

Investments by fair value level	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Bond Mutual Funds U.S. Government Securities	\$ 2 6,861	\$ 2 -	\$ - 6,861	\$ -
Total investments by fair value level	6,863	\$ 2	\$ 6,861	\$ -
Other Investments				
Money Market (bank) Guaranteed Investment Contracts Pooled Fixed Income	319 3,971 67,045			
Total other investments	71,335			
Total Investments	\$ 78,198			
Investments by fair value level	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Government Agency Mutual Funds	\$ 5,321	\$ 5,321	\$ -	\$
Other Investments				
Pooled Fixed Income	 1,308			
Total Investments	\$ 6,629			

Securities classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Securities classified in Level 2 are valued using the following approaches:

• U.S. government securities: quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

A. Cash and investments

Interest rate risk

To minimize interest rate risk, CHEFA, CHESLA and CSLF's policy requires the structuring of the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity. Operating funds should primarily be invested in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds or similar investment pools.

Credit risk

CHEFA has an investment policy that would further limit its investment choices beyond those limited by Connecticut State Statutes for both unrestricted and restricted investments. Investments that may be purchased with the written approval of an officer, provided the instrument has a maturity date of 365 days or less from the date of purchase, are as follows: obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, including the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"); qualified money market funds or institutional money market funds investing in short-term securities as permitted by enabling legislation; the Connecticut Short-Term Investment Fund provided it maintains a "AAA" rating by Standard and Poor's; and qualified repurchase agreements secured by obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government. With approval by the Audit-Finance Committee or Board of Directors, the following unrestricted investments are also permissible: any otherwise permitted investment with a maturity greater than 365 days from purchase; obligations issued or guaranteed by the State of Connecticut, including the State's medium-term or long-term investment fund; other debt obligations which are statutorily permissible; and qualified guaranteed investment contracts complying with Connecticut General State Statutes 10a-180(s), Authority guidelines and applicable trust indentures.

CHESLA and CSLF follow Section 10a-238 of the Connecticut General Statutes for its investment policy, which allows investments as follows: obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or the State of Connecticut; obligations which are legal investments for savings banks in the State of Connecticut including deposits which are insured by the FDIC; deposits with federal chartered savings and loan association which are insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation; investment agreements with financial institutions whose long-term obligations are rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service or of any rating service recognized by the Banking Commissioner or whose short-term obligations are rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service or of any rating service recognized by the Banking Commissioner; investment agreements fully secured by obligations of, or guaranteed by, the United States or agencies or instrumentalities of the United States; and securities or obligations which are legal investments for savings banks in Connecticut, subject to repurchase agreements in the manner in which such agreements are negotiated in sales of securities in the market place, provided the Authority shall not enter into any such agreement with any securities dealer or bank acting as a securities dealer unless such dealer or bank is included in the list of primary dealers, as prepared by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, effective at the time of the agreement.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

A. Cash and investments

CHEFA's investments subject to credit risk had average ratings by Standard & Poor's as follows:

	Average Rating	Pooled Fixed Income	Corporate Bonds	Government Agency Mutual Funds	Money Market Mutual Funds
AAA AA A BBB		\$ 9,482 - - -	\$ - 202 4,528 19,993	\$ 169,240 - - -	\$ 2,212 - - -
Total		\$ 9,482	\$ 24,723	\$ 169,240	\$ 2,212

CHESLA's investments subject to credit risk had average ratings by Standard & Poor's as follows:

	Average Rating	Pooled Fixed Income	Guaranteed Investment Contracts	M	ond utual unds
AAA		\$ 67,045	\$ 3,971	\$	2

CSLF's investments subject to credit risk had average ratings by Standard & Poor's as follows:

				Gov	ernment
		Pool	led	Αg	gency
	Average	Fixe	ed	M	lutual
	Rating	Inco	Income		unds
AAA		\$ 1,	308	\$	5,321

Custodial credit risk - custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Certain investments are covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") up to \$500,000, including \$250,000 of cash from sale or for purchase of investments, but not cash held solely for the purpose of earning interest. SIPC protects securities such as notes, stocks, bonds, debentures, certificates of deposit and money funds.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

A. Cash and investments

The following investments are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the entity's name and, therefore, are subject to custodial credit risk as follows:

CHEFA						
		 Total	In	Less sured nounts	Sul Cu	mount oject To ustodial edit Risk
U.S. Government Secu U.S. Government Agen Corporate Bonds		\$ 5,320 3,106 24,723	\$	500 500 -	\$	4,820 2,606
Total		\$ 33,149	\$	1,000	\$	32,149
CHESLA		 Total	In	Less sured nounts	Sul Cu	mount oject To istodial edit Risk
U.S. Government Secu	rities	\$ 6,861	\$	500	\$	6,361
CSLF		 Total	In	Less sured nounts	Sul Cu	mount oject To istodial edit Risk
U.S. Government Agency Securities		\$ -	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>

<u>Concentrations of credit risk</u> - For unrestricted investments, CHEFA places limits on the amount of investment in any one issuer. No issuer other than the United States Treasury or the Connecticut Short-Term Investment Fund shall constitute greater than 15% of unrestricted investments, except for qualified money market or bond mutual funds, none of which shall constitute greater than 50% of unrestricted investments. CHEFA places no limit on the amount of investment in any one issuer for restricted investments.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

B. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2019 for the Authority's financial statements by type are as follows:

CHESLA makes loans to students from the proceeds of bonds issued by CHESLA. CHESLA also refinances CHESLA and other lenders' student loans. Loans receivable as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Ac	tive Loans	oans in ollection	Total
Current portion	\$	20,633	\$ -	\$ 20,633
Long-term portion Less allowance		113,088 (2,872)	2,244 (460)	115,332 (3,332)
Net long-term portion		110,216	1,784	112,000
Total net receivables	\$	130,849	\$ 1,784	\$ 132,633

Student loans are repaid by borrowers on a monthly basis on a 0- to 140-month repayment term after the in-school and 6-month grace period ends. The interest rate on these loans ranges from approximately 4.95% to 6.99%.

Refinance Connecticut Program ("Refi") loans are repaid by borrowers on a monthly basis for a term of 5, 10 or 15 years. The interest rate on these loans ranges from approximately 4.5% to 7.0% depending on the term of the loan and the Fair Issac Corporation ("FICO") score. A .25% rate reduction is applied for those who enroll in auto-payment. The interest rate on new loans ranges from 4.75% - 6.9%.

During the fiscal year, CHESLA wrote off loans receivable of \$366, which had previously been provided for through the allowance for loan losses.

During the fiscal year, CHESLA recovered \$2 in loans receivable and other credits that were written off in previous years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

B. Receivables

CSLF, up until 2010, also made loans to students from the proceeds of bond issues.

	 FFELP	Alte	rnative	Total
Current portion	\$ 10,322	\$	242	\$ 10,564
Long-term portion Less allowance	168,270 (697)		3,371 (364)	171,641 (1,061)
Net long-term portion	 167,573		3,007	170,580
Total net receivables	\$ 177,895	\$	3,249	\$ 181,144

During the fiscal year, CSLF wrote off federal loans receivable of \$150 (CSLF risk share only), and \$42 of private loans, which is net of \$111 in recoveries, which had previously been provided for through the allowance for loan losses.

Federal Family Education Loan Program ("FFELP") loans are student loans insured by the U.S. Department of Education. FFELP loans are repaid by borrowers on a monthly basis for a term of up to 30 years. The interest rate on these loans varies and ranges from approximately 2.875% to 12%.

Alternative loans are student loans that are not insured by the U.S. Department of Education. Alternative loans are repaid monthly over a period of years ranging from 10 to 30 years. For loan applications received prior to April 1, 2008, the interest rate is variable, calculated to equal prime plus 2% with a 10% cap. Borrowers were charged a fixed non-refundable origination fee of \$150 and a 2% reserve fee. For loan applications received on or after April 1, 2008, the interest rate and reserve fee varied depending on the borrower's credit score. Interest rates range between prime and prime plus 4% with no cap and the reserve fee ranged from 2% to 6%. Interest rates on all Alternative loans are reset quarterly and origination fees, where applicable, were withheld from loan proceeds.

Student loans are classified as being "In-school" status during the period from the date the loan is made until a student graduates or leaves school. Loans are classified as being "In-grace" status from the time the student leaves school until repayment begins six months later. Subsequent to this period, student loans are classified as being in "repayment" status. "Deferral" and "forbearance" status are periods during the life of the loan where repayment is suspended for authorized purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

B. Receivables

CSLF Loan portfolio assets' scheduled maturities are summarized as follows:

June 30, 2020	\$ 10,564
2021	11,252
2022	11,986
2023	12,767
2024	13,598
2025-2029	79,517
2030-2034	 42,521
Total	\$ 182,205

C. Capital assets

CHEFA capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Ва	lance					Ва	lance
	July	, 1 2018	Inc	creases	Dec	reases	June	30, 2019
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Leasehold improvements	\$	157	\$	-	\$	-	\$	157
Computer equipment		255		6		-		261
Furniture and fixtures		256		-		-		256
Office equipment		448		165		-		613
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,116		171		_		1,287
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Leasehold improvements		155		2		-		157
Computer equipment		252		5		-		257
Furniture and fixtures		246		2		-		248
Office equipment		357		45		-		402
Total accumulated depreciation		1,010		54		-		1,064
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	\$	106	\$	117	\$	-	\$	223

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

C. Capital assets

CHESLA capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Bal	ance					Bal	ance
CHESLA	July,	1 2018	l	Increases	Dec	reases	June :	30, 2019
Capital asset being depreciated:								
Domain name	\$	3	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Domain name	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Total capital asset being								
depreciated, net	\$	3	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3

D. Changes in long-term obligations

1. Summary of changes

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019:

CHEFA

Description	alance 1, 2018	Add	itions	Dedu	ıctions	alance 30, 2019	 rrent ortion
Other liability Amount held for the State of Connecticut	\$ 2,170	\$	12	\$	17	\$ 2,165	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

D. Changes in long-term obligations

CHESLA

December		Original	Date of	Final Date	Interest	Balance		-1-1isi	D-	-l4:		Balance		urrent
Description	- 1	Amount	Issue	of Maturity	Rate	 //1/2018	А	dditions	De	ductions	6/	/30/2019	- 1	Portion
Bond 2009 A	\$	30,000	8/6/2009	11/15/2027	1.9 - 5.05%	\$ 11,740	\$	-	\$	2,055	\$	9,685	\$	995
Bond 2010 A		45,000	10/19/2010	11/15/2035	2.0 - 5.25%	25,790		-		3,455		22,335		2,425
Bond 2013 A		25,000	4/2/2013	11/15/2029	2.0 - 4.0%	16,805		-		2,655		14,150		1,705
Bond 2014 A		23,000	6/18/2014	11/15/2030	3.0 - 5.0%	19,230		-		2,230		17,000		1,500
Bond 2015 A		21,465	7/2/2015	11/15/2031	1.65 - 4.375%	12,810		-		2,740		10,070		1,900
Bond 2016 A		15,000	6/30/2016	11/15/2033	3.0 - 5.0%	14,600		-		715		13,885		800
Bond 2017 A		27,880	5/16/2017	11/15/2033	3.25 - 5.0%	26,380		-		1,740		24,640		1,000
Bond 2017 B		9,155	8/17/2017	11/15/2025	4.0- 5.0%	9,155		-		1,200		7,955		1,200
Bond 2017 C		11,300	12/21/2017	11/15/2034	3.5 - 5.0%	11,300		-		-		11,300		380
Bond 2018		10,000	9/17/2018	11/15/2034	3.5 - 5.0%	-		10,000		-		10,000		180
Bond 2019 A		5,000	5/22/2019	11/15/2035	3.95%	-		5,000		-		5,000		-
Bond 2019 B		25,550	5/22/2010	11/15/2035	3.25 - 5.0%	 -		25,550		-		25,550		-
Total CHESLA						147,810		40,550		16,790		171,570		12,085
Premiums						4,178		1,152		336		4,994		
Discounts						 (23)		-		(2)		(21)		
Total Bonds an	d rel	lated liabili	ties			\$ 151,965	\$	41,702	\$	17,124	\$	176,543	\$	12,085

CSLF

				Date of	Variable										
	(Original	Date of	Final	Interest	E	Balance					E	Balance	Cu	irrent
Description	,	Amount	Issue	Maturity	Rate	Jul	ly 1, 2018	P	dditions	Dec	ductions	June	e 30, 2019	Po	ortion
Bond 06 A-1	\$	80,000	7/27/2006	6/1/2046	2.013 - 4.101%	\$	72,925	\$	-	\$	-	\$	72,925	\$	-
Bond 06 A-2		100,000	12/14/2006	6/1/2046	2.013 - 4.022%		81,475		-		2,750		78,725		-
Bond 04 B		62,900	10/15/2004	6/1/2034	2.419 - 4.006%		25,225		-		25,225		-		-
Bond 06 B		20,000	7/27/2006	6/1/2046	2.423 - 4.006%		19,975		-		-		19,975		
Total Bonds							199,600		-		27,975		171,625		-
Discounts							(419)		-		(96)		(323)		
Total bonds a	nd re	elated amo	unts			\$	199,181	\$	-	\$	27,879	\$	171,302	\$	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

D. Changes in long-term obligations

The annual requirements to amortize bonds payable at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

CHESLA

Fiscal Year Ended	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest
2020	\$	12,085	\$	6,728
2021		13,115		6,252
2022		14,505		5,674
2023		15,120		5,023
2024		15,235		4,326
2025-2029		58,405		13,342
2030-2034		37,040		4,193
2035-2036		6,065		195
		•		
Total	\$	171,570	\$	45,733

The 1990 Resolution bonds are secured by all revenues, education loans, proceeds of the bonds and amounts deposited in the funds and accounts other than the rebate fund. The 2019 Resolution bonds are secured by all revenues, loans, proceeds of the bonds and amounts deposited in the funds and accounts other than the rebate fund and the purchase fund, and any and all other property.

All outstanding notes from direct borrowings contain an event of default that changes the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts to become immediately due if CHESLA is unable to make payment.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

D. Changes in long-term obligations

CSLF

The approximate future annual principal and interest payments are due as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	P	Principal	I	nterest
2020	\$	-	\$	6,033
2021		-		6,033
2022		-		6,033
2023		-		6,033
2024		-		6,033
2025-2029		-		30,165
2030-2034		-		30,165
2035-2039		-		30,165
2040-2044		-		30,165
2045-2046		171,625		18,099
Total	\$	171,625	\$	168,924

The interest rate payable to the bondholders for these issues are variable auction rate certificates ("ARCs"), which generally have interest rate reset periods of 28 days. The interest rates associated with the various bond issues at the last reset period prior to the June 30, 2019 year-end ranged from 3.149% to 3.901%.

The maximum rate on the ARCs is defined in each bond prospectus and is based on one of the following:

• The average of the 91-day United States Treasury Bill rate plus 1.2% or 1.5% or the LIBOR rate plus 1.5% depending on the bond's rating. It may not exceed 17.0%. The capital markets for student loans have experienced a significant disruption resulting in decreased marketability of student loans and related ARCs. The bonds are not callable if the auction period expires, as the bonds revert back to the existing bondholders prior to the auction.

Approximate future interest payments were estimated based on an average of the interest rates applicable during the most recent fiscal year.

The bonds are secured by proceeds of the bonds and amounts deposited in the funds and accounts other than the rebate fund, all loans and institution loans, all guarantee or insurance payments with respect to the loans, all other revenues, all rights under swap agreements and any assets or revenues as may be assigned and pledged by a supplemental indenture.

All outstanding notes from direct borrowings contain an event of default that changes the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts to become immediately due if CSLF is unable to make payment.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

D. Changes in long-term obligations

2. Conduit debt

As of June 30, 2019, CHEFA had total outstanding principal balances of special obligation bonds of \$8,408,386. The bonds are issued on behalf of institutions to finance the construction of various health and educational facilities. These bonds are conduit debt obligations of CHEFA and do not constitute obligations of CHEFA and, therefore, not reported within the statement of net position. The significant loan programs that comprise the total outstanding bonds are as follows:

|--|

criae e atetarianig by ecotor		
Childcare	\$	48,600
Connecticut State University System –		
Special Capital Reserve Fund		351,690
Higher Education	4	1,468,308
Hospitals	2	2,385,556
Social and other		74,978
Independent Schools		678,779
Senior Living		400,475
Total	\$ 8	3 408 386

Under terms of the agreement between the Authority and its borrowers, any costs associated with litigation related to bond issuance are the obligations of the borrowers. CHEFA is indemnified under the terms of the bond agreements.

CHEFA had a total of \$15,381 of principal balances outstanding in relation to the EZ Loan program. The loans are issued on behalf of not for profits to finance equipment. These loans are conduit debt obligations of CHEFA and do not constitute obligations of CHEFA and, therefore, are not reported within the statement of net position.

Loans Outstanding by Sector

Higher Education Hospitals Social and other	\$ 4,711 9,036 1,634
Total	\$ 15 381

3. Authorized/unissued debt

At June 30, 2019, there was no authorized unissued debt for CHESLA.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

E. Restricted net position

The amount of restricted net position, which was restricted by enabling legislation, totaled \$128 for CHEFA.

F. Net position classification

A summary of the components of net position is as follows:

	 HEFA	CHESLA		CSLF
Invested in capital assets	\$ 223	\$	3	\$ -
Restricted:				
Child care facilities loan program	4,320		-	-
Student loan guarantee program	128		-	-
Bond funds	-		26,471	-
Trust Estate	 -		-	4,759
Total restricted	4,448		26,471	 4,759
Unrestricted	 9,792		6,414	16,997
Total net position	\$ 14,463	\$	32,888	\$ 21,756

Child Care Facilities Loan Program - CHEFA's net position is restricted to be used for loan guarantees under this program, if borrowers default on their loans. As of June 30, 2019, outstanding loan balances totaled \$4,922.

CHEFA is under no obligation to provide additional funds for loan guarantees.

Student Loan Programs - Pursuant to Public Act 09-110, which established the Connecticut Credit Union Student Loan Program, CHEFA was required to fund a first loss loan guarantee of 20% on the outstanding balance on each loan. The current amount of the guarantee is \$128.

Trust Estate - For CSLF, the Bond Indenture requires that CSLF maintain a parity of 102.5% (Trust Estate asset to Trust Estate liability ratio), which represents its restricted net position. If parity exceeds 102.5%, CSLF is able, but not required, to transfer funds above the parity ratio to operations. At June 30, 2019, the ratio was 112.17%. At June 30, 2019, the Board has not authorized any funds to be transferred to operations; however, the amount available to transfer is \$14,000.

Both CHEFA and CHESLA Board of Director's have designated internal amounts for operations and the remainder for programs that are part of each entity's mission and purpose, as well as for contingencies.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

II. Detailed notes

G. Condensed component unit information

Condensed component unit information for CCDC, the Authority's blended component unit, for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

Liability

Accounts payable \$ 107

Net position \$ (107)

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Operating expenses \$ 107

Change in net position (107)

Net postion, July 1, 2018
Net postion, July 1, 2019 \$ (107)

III. Other information

A. Risk management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss including torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disaster; and officer and director liability. The Authority generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks. The Authority has not had any claims against their commercial insurance in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

B. Related party transactions

During the fiscal year, CHEFA charged CHESLA an annual fee of \$201 for providing management, accounting, legal and other services, sharing of rental space, and office equipment. CHEFA charged CSLF an annual fee of \$80 for providing management, accounting, legal and other services. In addition, CHESLA and CSLF reimbursed CHEFA directly for specific general and administrative expenses incurred. The amount due from CHESLA and CSLF at year-end was \$33 and \$22, respectively. CSLF contributed \$2,000 to CHESLA for the refinance program. The \$1,500 contribution for the scholarship program was not spent and is recorded as a deferred inflow.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

III. Other information

C. Operating leases

CHEFA leases office space and other office equipment for use in operations. Lease expense was \$258. As of June 30, 2019, minimum future rental commitments of the leases are as follows:

2020	\$ 255,300
2021	260,910
2022	266,520
2023	272,136
2024	137,472

D. Pension plan

The Authority administers a single employer defined contribution plan, which covers certain employees of the Authority. The Board of Director's approved and adopted this plan on January 1, 1971, and they have the authority to make any subsequent amendments.

CHEFA maintains a defined contribution money purchase plan, the State of Connecticut Health & Educational Facilities Authority Money Purchase Pension Plan (the "Plan"), covering all employees with three months of continuous service and 1,000 anticipated hours of service annually. The Plan is administered by CHEFA and can be amended by designated authorized officers. CHEFA and CHESLA contribute annually to the Plan an amount equal to 10% of each qualified employee's annual salary. Forfeitures may be used to pay plan expenses. Any forfeitures left after paying plan expenses are used to offset future contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, there were no forfeitures and retirement plan expense was \$245.

There were 20 employees covered under the Plan. All employees can participate in the Plan after three months of service. A participant's employer contribution account fully vests after four years of service. At age 65, participants are entitled to begin receiving benefits based upon the option selected.

CHEFA also maintains a deferred compensation plan, which was established in 1991 in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and is available to CHEFA employees. Employees are permitted to defer a portion of their salaries, subject to certain limitations. CHEFA and CHESLA match up to \$1.50 of employee contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, there were no forfeitures and the plan expense was \$28.

Supplemental Schedules

Combining Schedule of Net Position - Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	CHEFA		CCDC		Elim	inations	Total		
<u>Assets</u>									
Current assets									
Unrestricted assets					•		•		
Cash	\$	2,369	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,369	
Investments		7,268		-		-		7,268	
Receivables									
Accounts (net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$86)		357		_		_		357	
Related parties		163		_		(107)		56	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		83		_		-		83	
r ropaid expenses and enior access									
Total unrestricted assets		10,240		-		(107)		10,133	
Restricted assets									
Investments									
Institutions		210,153				-		210,153	
Total current assets		220,393				(107)		220,286	
Noncomment									
Noncurrent assets Unrestricted assets									
Capital assets (net of									
accumulated depreciation)		223		_		_		223	
Restricted assets		223						220	
Investments		6,662		-		-		6,662	
Total noncurrent assets		6,885		_				6,885	
	_		_				_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total assets	\$	227,278	\$	-	\$	(107)	\$	227,171	
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Current liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	33	\$	107	\$	(107)	\$	33	
Accrued expenses		361		-		-		361	
Amounts held for institutions		210,149						210,149	
Total current liabilities		210,543		107		(107)		210,543	
Noncurrent liabilities									
Amount held for the State of Connecticut		2,165		-				2,165	
Total liabilities		212,708		107		(107)		212,708	
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets		223		-		-		223	
Restricted		4,448		-		-		4,448	
Unrestricted		9,899		(107)				9,792	
Total net position		14,570		(107)		<u>-</u>		14,463	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	227,278	\$		\$	(107)	\$	227,171	

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	CHEFA	CCDC	Eliminations	Total
Operating revenues				
Administrative fees	\$ 7,488	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,488
Supporting services fees	297	-	(15)	282
Bond issuance fees	45	-	-	45
Other revenues	3	-		3
Total operating revenues	7,833		(15)	7,818
Operating expenses				
Salaries and related expenses	2,943	-	-	2,943
General and administrative	597	29	(15)	611
Contracted services	189	78_		267
Total operating expenses	3,729	107_	(15)	3,821
Operating income (loss)	4,104	(107)		3,997
Nonoperating income (expenses)				
Investment income	330	-	-	330
Payment to State (legislative mandate)	(900)	-	-	(900)
Grants and child care subsidy expense	(2,957)			(2,957)
Total nonoperating expenses	(3,527)			(3,527)
Change in net position	577	(107)	-	470
Net position, July 1, 2018	13,993			13,993
Net position, June 30, 2019	\$ 14,570	\$ (107)	\$ -	\$ 14,463

Combining Schedule of Net Position - Connecticut Higher Education Supplemental Loan Authority June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Agency		Other		Bond Funds					
	opera	-		program		0		019		Total
	fun	<u>d</u>	ft	unds	resolu	tion	resc	olution		HESLA
Assets Current coacts										
Current assets Unrestricted assets										
Cash	\$	64	\$	284	\$	-	\$	66	\$	414
Investments Current portion of loans receivable		3,503		3,355 73		27		2		6,887 73
Interest receivable on investments		-		6		_		_		6
Loan interest receivable		-		11		-		10		21
Prepaid expenses and other assets		25						-		25
Total unrestricted assets		3,592		3,729		27		78		7,426
Restricted assets Investments										
Bond indenture trusts		-		-	18,6	603	29	9,058		47,661
Other Current portion of loans receivable		-		-	19,9	- 228		632		20,560
Interest receivable on investments		_		_		149		65		20,300
Loan interest receivable				-		494		<u>-</u>		494
Total restricted assets					39,	174	29	9,755		68,929
Total current assets		3,592		3,729	39,2	201	29	9,833		76,355
Noncurrent assets										
Unrestricted assets										
Capital assets		3		-		-		-		3
Loans receivable, net of current portion and allowance				631						631
Restricted assets		-		031		-		-		031
Investments		-		-	20,6	635	3	3,015		23,650
Loans receivable, net of current					405	744		- 050		444.000
portion and allowance				-	105,7			5,658		111,369
Total noncurrent assets		3		631	126,3			3,673		135,653
Total assets	\$	3,595	\$	4,360	\$165,	547	\$38	3,506	\$	212,008
<u>Liabilities</u>										
Current liabilities Accounts payable	\$	14	\$	4	\$	35	\$	136		189
Accrued expenses	Ψ	13	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-		13
Accrued interest payable		-		-	-	741		127		868
Current portion of bonds payable					12,0	085				12,085
Total current liabilities		27		4	12,8	361		263		13,155
Noncurrent liabilities Bonds payable, net of current portion		_		_	132,9	983	31	1,475		164,458
Total liabilities		27		4	145,8			1,738		177,613
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unearned revenue		_		1,507		-		_		1,507
Net Position				,						
Net investment in capital assets		3				_		_		3
Restricted		-		-	19,	703	6	5,768		26,471
Unrestricted		3,565		2,849						6,414
Total net position		3,568		2,849	19,	703	(6,768		32,888
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	3,595	\$	4,360	\$165,	547	\$38	3,506	\$	212,008
		_	_							

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Connecticut Higher Education Supplemental Loan Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Agency Other		Bond	funds		
	operating	pperating program		2019		Total
	fund	funds	resolution	resolution	Eliminations	CHESLA
Operating revenues						
Interest income on loans receivable	\$ -	\$ 305	\$ 7,096	\$ 32	\$ -	\$ 7,433
Administrative fees	948	-	738	-	(948)	738
Contributions from CSLF		4,000				4,000
Total operating revenues	948	4,305	7,834	32	(948)	12,171
Operating expenses						
Interest expense	-	-	5,777	121	-	5,898
Salaries and related expenses	184	-	-	-	-	184
General and administrative	472	46	1,061	-	(948)	631
Refinance program	53	-	-	-	-	53
Scholarships	-	2,000	-	-	-	2,000
Loan service fees	-	74	487	4	-	565
Contracted services	51	-	-	-	-	51
Bond issuance costs	-	-	220	605	-	825
Provision for loan losses (net of						
recoveries)		296	364			660
Total operating expenses	760	2,416	7,909	730	(948)	10,867
Operating income (loss)	188	1,889	(75)	(698)		1,304
Nonoperating income						
Investment income	89	99	1,656	82		1,926
Total nonoperating income	89	99	1,656	82		1,926
Change in net position	277	1,988	1,581	(616)	-	3,230
Transfers	(1,016)	(6,403)	35	7,384	-	-
Net position, July 1, 2018	4,307	7,264	18,087			29,658
Net position, June 30, 2019	\$ 3,568	\$ 2,849	\$ 19,703	\$ 6,768	\$ -	\$ 32,888

Combining Schedule of Net Position - Connecticut Student Loan Foundation June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Trust								
		Estate C		erating	Eliminations		Total		
<u>Assets</u>									
Current assets Unrestricted assets Cash	\$	-	\$	404	\$	-	\$	404	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Prepaid expenses and other assets		- -		17 1		-		17 1	
Total unrestricted assets		-		422		-		422	
Restricted assets Investments Bond indenture trusts Current portion of loans receivable Loan interest receivable		6,629 10,564 5,597		- - -		- - -		6,629 10,564 5,597	
Total restricted assets		22,790		-		-		22,790	
Total current assets		22,790		422		-		23,212	
Noncurrent assets Restricted assets Loans receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		170,580		_		_		170,580	
Total assets	\$	193,370	\$	422	\$	-	\$	193,792	
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenses U.S. Department of Education payable Trust Estate payable	\$	- - 310 336	\$	22 66 -	\$	- - - -	\$	22 66 310 336	
Total current liabilities		646		88		-		734	
Noncurrent liabilities Bonds payable and related liabilities		171,302				_		171,302	
Total liabilities		171,948		88		-		172,036	
Net Position									
Restricted Unrestricted		4,759 16,663		- 334		- -		4,759 16,997	
Total net position		21,422		334		-		21,756	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	193,370	\$	422	\$	-	\$	193,792	

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Connecticut Student Loan Foundation For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (In Thousands)

	Trust Estate	Operating Eliminations		 Total	
Operating revenues					
Interest income on loans receivable	\$ 10,403	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 10,403
Not-for-profit servicing income	-		210	-	210
Administration fee	 		490	 (490)	
Total operating revenues	 10,403		700	(490)	10,613
Operating expenses					
Interest expense	6,580		-	-	6,580
General and administrative	130		117	-	247
Loan service fees	772		-	-	772
Administration fee	490		-	(490)	-
Consolidation rebate fees	1,281		-	-	1,281
Contracted services	-		222	-	222
Provision for loan losses	 394		-	 -	 394
Total operating expenses	 9,647		339_	 (490)	 9,496
Operating income	 756		361_	 	 1,117
Nonoperating income (expenses)					
Investment income	149		-	-	149
Contributions to CHESLA	 (2,710)		(790)	 	 (3,500)
Total nonoperating expenses	 (2,561)		(790)	 	(3,351)
Change in net position	(1,805)		(429)	-	(2,234)
Net position, July 1, 2018	23,227		763	 	23,990
Net position, June 30, 2019	\$ 21,422	\$	334	\$ 	\$ 21,756

Compliance



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component units of the Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority ("Authority") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hartford, Connecticut September 20, 2019

CohnReynickZIP



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